Amendments to the Specification

Please amend line 19 on page 26 to line 16 on page 27 as follows:

At least one of the tissue contacting arms 212 comprises a proximal end 214, a distal end 216, and a suction passageway 218 extending therebetween. Each suction passageway 218 is preferably constructed to carry surplus fluids and debris from the target surface. In order to facilitate this end, one or more of the rounded surfaces (e.g., ball rollers) at the distal ends 216 may be configured to have a smaller or flatter profile to place the relative position(s) of the suction passageway 218 opening(s) closer to the target surface. In one embodiment, the opening or openings of the suction passageway(s) 218 may be placed within the rounded surface(s) or ball roller(s) at the distal end(s) 216. Each suction passageway 218 removes water particles that have been emitted from the mixing chamber 210 and carries them proximally through the suction passageway 218 and out of the handpiece 198. Another suction passageway may be disposed in a second tissue contacting arm 220. Additional tissue contacting arms may be implemented, such as a third tissue contacting arm, with or without additional suction passageways. In another embodiment, the tissue contacting arms are part of and form an enclosure, such as a hemispherical enclosure. The distal ends of the tissue contacting arms are preferably rounded or smooth-surfaced to allow the tissue contacting arms to slide over the target surface, such as a patient's skin. In a modified embodiment, one or more of the distal ends may comprise a ball roller. Regardless of the shape of the distal end of the tissue contacting arm, water from the moisture output 210 (or, for example, the moisture output 190 of Figures 20-23) ~~or~~ can help the tissue contacting arm or arms glide over the target surface. The air and water lines 208 may be configured to output, soft water or another fluid, or an additive to water, having lubricating properties. As with the embodiments of Figures 20-24, the tissue contacting arms and the structure of the hand-held piece 230 bridging the

tissue contacting arms together, may be formed of stainless steel or a plastic, for example. Part or all of the contacting arms 240 and the bridging structure may be formed of a transparent material, such as a transparent plastic.